

WHAT'S THE CHURCH ALL ABOUT?

Part 007 - Form and Function - A biblical View

1

I. FORM AND FUNCTION ILLUSTRATED

Function = an activity that needs to be performed

Form = the method chosen to carry out the function

2

Getting food

How do you decide which is the best form for you?

- Some of the factors for the decision come from internal sources, such as abilities and preferences. Do you have a good
 eye and don't mind being alone for long periods of time? Then you might do better as a hunter. If not, stick with farming
- Some of the factors are external, depending on your environment. Do you live on or near good productive land? If so, you
 might do well to be a farmer.
- Some of the factors are cultural, depending on the ideas of the society you are in. Are farmers prized because they add to
 the amount of crops in the village, or are hunters prized for their skill in case of war?
- Some of the factors may be moral. Is the killing of animals looked upon as immoral?
- Another factor is tradition. What did your parents and their parents do?

3

I. FORM AND FUNCTION IN THE CHURCH

4

FORM AND FUNCTION IN THE

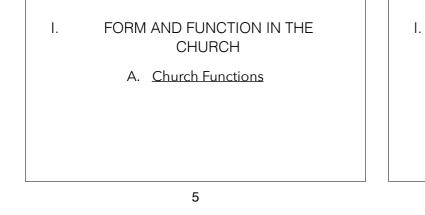
CHURCH

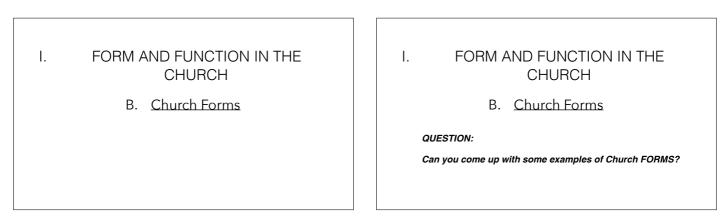
A. Church Functions

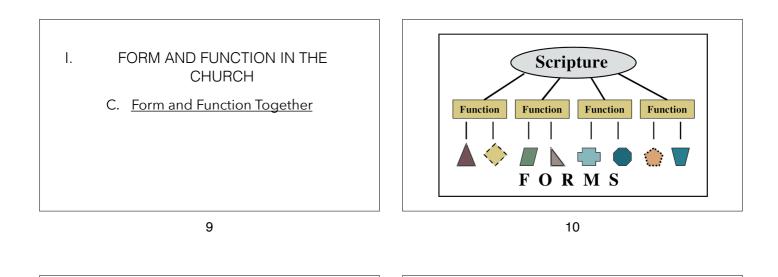
Can you come up with some examples of Church Functions?

6

QUESTION:







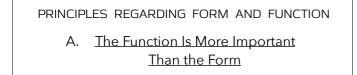


Biblical Function	Possible Form
Prayer	Keeling or Standing
	Silently or Aloud
	Small Group or Individual
	Before Meal or at close of Service
	Confession or Supplication
Teaching the Word	Sermon
	Small Groups
	Bible Study
	Family Devotions
Evangelise	Friendship Evangelism
	Crusades
	Altar Call in Service

12

Forms Vs Functions Function Vs Form Function Form Function Form Youth Camp Give Church Prayer Meeting Church Choir Passing an Offering Round Church Buildings Worship Music in Services Kid's Church Church order of service Reading Poetry in Church

14



13

Can you think of some functions that have different forms in different

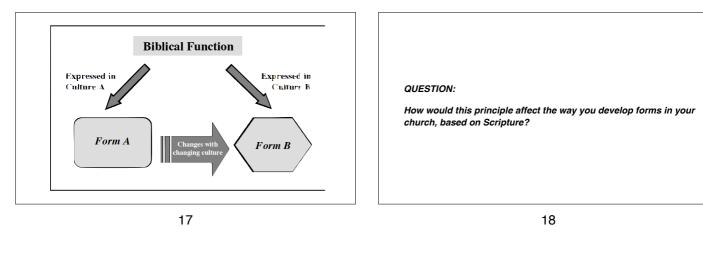
11

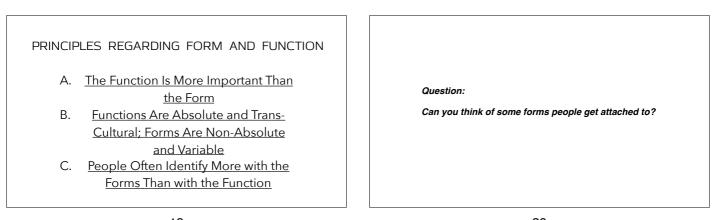
Question:

cultures / times in history?

PRINCIPLES REGARDING FORM AND FUNCTION

- A. <u>The Function Is More Important</u> <u>Than the Form</u>
- B. <u>Functions Are Absolute and</u> <u>Trans-Cultural; Forms Are Non-</u> <u>Absolute and Variable</u>





19



PRINCIPLES REGARDING FORM AND FUNCTION

- A. <u>The Function Is More Important Than the Form</u>
- B. <u>Functions Are Absolute and Trans-Cultural;</u> Forms Are Non-Absolute and Variable
- C. <u>People Often Identify More with the Forms</u> <u>Than with the Function</u>
- D. Forms Should Not Be Changed Carelessly

21

PRINCIPLES REGARDING FORM AND FUNCTION

- A. <u>The Function Is More Important Than the Form</u>
- B. <u>Functions Are Absolute and Trans-Cultural;</u> Forms Are Non-Absolute and Variable
- C. <u>People Often Identify More with the Forms</u> <u>Than with the Function</u>
- D. Forms Should Not Be Changed Carelessly
- E. <u>When Forms Freeze, Churches Die</u>

22

QUESTIONS

Do the forms in your church experience serve a purpose / biblical function?

Which forms are a hindrance to bringing the Gospel to the lost? To bringing a new convert into the life of the church?

In what ways are your forms strange and foreign to new converts?

How could you develop forms that would be more comfortable to new converts without compromising biblical principles? Describe how these forms are relevant to your target group culture in worship, fellowship, sacraments, tithing, and biblical instruction

When are forms sinful? Why? Give examples and validate with a biblical principle.

- Biblical function is what must be done—it was given by God and should not be altered.
- Biblical form is how we do the function it is cultural and should be adjusted as needed